



General

Title

Toxicology: percentage of appropriately indicated renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures.

Source(s)

Quality indicators in critically ill patients. Madrid (Spain): Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary (SEMICYUC); 2011. 185 p.

Measure Domain

Primary Measure Domain

Clinical Quality Measures: Process

Secondary Measure Domain

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

Description

This measure is used to assess the percentage of appropriately indicated renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures.

Rationale

The aim of intensive care medicine is to provide critical patients with the healthcare that they need, ensuring the quality and safety of care. Intensive care medicine is one of the principal components of modern healthcare systems. There is an increasing demand for this resource, which involves high costs.

The quality of care has gradually come to be the central focus of healthcare, and in recent years patient safety has come to represent one of the key aspects of quality. In the case of intensive care medicine, this interest in quality is even more evident, not only because of its social and economic impact, but also because some of the dimensions involved in the quality of care of critical patients take on greater importance: critical patients are more vulnerable, access to critical care is more limited so efforts to distribute resources equitably are more important, scant scientific evidence is available, and the efficiency is limited.

Renal replacement therapy (RRT) aims to extract toxins that have already been absorbed. RRT is indicated in few intoxicated patients, but it is

sometimes a very useful treatment option. It requires specific tools, qualified staff, and frequent controls; it is always a risk for the patient.

Evidence for Rationale

de Pont AC. Extracorporeal treatment of intoxications. Curr Opin Crit Care. 2007 Dec;13(6):668-73. PubMed

Lloret J, Nogues S, Jimenez X. Protocols, Codis d'activations i Circuits d'atenció urgent to Barcelona Ciutat. Agudes intoxicacions Malalt Greus amb. Barcelona: Barcelona Health Consortium; 2004.

Nogue S, Morocco L, Moran I, Net A. Indications for renal replacement therapy in the treatment of acute poisoning. In: Net A, Roglan A, editor(s). Renal replacement therapy in the critically ill. Barcelona: Masson, SA; 2004. p. 281-9.

Quality indicators in critically ill patients. Madrid (Spain): Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary (SEMICYUC); 2011. 185 p.

Primary Health Components

Toxicology; renal replacement therapy (RRT)

Denominator Description

Total number of renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures in the same period in the intensive care unit (ICU) (see the related "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field)

Numerator Description

Number of appropriately indicated renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures (see the related "Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions" field)

Evidence Supporting the Measure

Type of Evidence Supporting the Criterion of Quality for the Measure

A formal consensus procedure, involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, public health and organizational sciences

One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

Additional Information Supporting Need for the Measure

Unspecified

Extent of Measure Testing

Unspecified

State of Use of the Measure

not defined yet Application of the Measure in its Current Use Measurement Setting Hospital Inpatient Intensive Care Units Professionals Involved in Delivery of Health Services not defined yet Least Aggregated Level of Services Delivery Addressed Single Health Care Delivery or Public Health Organizations Statement of Acceptable Minimum Sample Size Unspecified Target Population Age Age greater than or equal to 18 years Target Population Gender Either male or female National Strategy for Quality Improvement in Health Care National Quality Strategy Aim Better Care

National Quality Strategy Priority

Prevention and Treatment of Leading Causes of Mortality

State of Use

Current routine use

Current Use

Institute of Medicine (IOM) National Health Care Quality Report Categories

IOM Care Need
Getting Better
IOM D
IOM Domain
Effectiveness
Data Collection for the Measure
Case Finding Period
Unspecified
Denominator Sampling Frame
Patients associated with provider
Denominator (Index) Event or Characteristic
Institutionalization
Therapeutic Intervention
Denominator Time Window
not defined yet
Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions
Inclusions
Total number of renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures in the same period in the intensive care unit (ICU)
Note:
 RRT: Peritoneal dialysis, hemodialysis, hemoperfusion, hemodialitration, hemodialitration, plasmapheresis, and blood replacement (exsanguinotransfusion) Population: Renal replacement techniques carried out in the ICU to treat acute intoxications during the period reviewed.
Exclusions Unspecified
Exclusions/Exceptions
not defined yet

Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions

Inclusions

Number of appropriately indicated renal replacement therapy (RRT) procedures

Note:

- Appropriately indicated: Based on Lloret et al.'s criteria (refer to the original measure documentation)
- Appropriate: Indicated and correct. Catheters that allow blood flow greater than 100 mL/min placed in large caliber veins (femoral, jugular, or subclavian). Dedicated area (ICU or dialysis unit) with the necessary equipment and qualified staff. Optimal clinical control of the patient when the technique is being performed.

Exclusions

Unspecified

Numerator Search Strategy

Institutionalization

Data Source

Electronic health/medical record

Paper medical record

Type of Health State

Does not apply to this measure

Instruments Used and/or Associated with the Measure

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

Measure Specifies Disaggregation

Does not apply to this measure

Scoring

Rate/Proportion

Interpretation of Score

Desired value is a higher score

Allowance for Patient or Population Factors

not defined yet

Standard of Comparison

not defined yet

Prescriptive Standard

Standard: 100%

Evidence for Prescriptive Standard

Quality indicators in critically ill patients. Madrid (Spain): Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary (SEMICYUC); 2011. 185 p.

Identifying Information

Original Title

Early appropriate renal replacement therapy in acute intoxication.

Measure Collection Name

Quality Indicators in Critically Ill Patients

Measure Set Name

Toxicology

Submitter

Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary - Clinical Specialty Collaboration

Developer

Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary - Clinical Specialty Collaboration

Funding Source(s)

Boehringer Laboratories

Composition of the Group that Developed the Measure

Work Group for Toxicology

- Indalecio Morán Chorro
- Luis Marruecos Sant
- Francisco Felices Abad
- José Luis Espinosa Berenguel
- Cesar Palazón Sánchez
- Isabel Cremades Navalón
- Lisa Ortín Katnich
- Fátima Martínez Lozano
- Martín Vigil Velis

- Carmen Susarte Juliá
- Emilia Civeira Murillo
- Antonia Socías Crespi

Scientific Coordination:

- Maria Cruz Martín Delgado
- Jesús Blanco Varela
- Lluís Cabré Pericas
- Pedro Galdos Anuncibay
- Federico Gordo Vidal

Financial Disclosures/Other Potential Conflicts of Interest

Unspecified

Adaptation

This measure was not adapted from another source.

Date of Most Current Version in NQMC

2011 Mar

Measure Maintenance

Unspecified

Date of Next Anticipated Revision

2016 Jul

Measure Status

This is the current release of the measure.

502-12-14; Web site: www.semicyuc.org

The measure developer reaffirmed the currency of this measure in May 2016.

Measure Availability

Source available in English	and Spanish	from the Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care
and Units Coronary (SEMICYUC) Web site.		
For more information, contact SEMICYUC at	Paseo de la Reina Cristina, 30	5, 4° D, Madrid, Spain; Phone: +34-91-502-12-13; Fax: +34-91-

; E-mail: secretaria@semicyuc.org.

NQMC Status

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on January 15, 2014. The information was verified by the measure developer on February 26, 2014.

The information was reaffirmed by the measure developer on May 10, 2016.

Copyright Statement

This NQMC summary is based on the original measure, which is subject to the measure developer's copyright restrictions.

The Quality Indicators in Critically III Patients update 2011 can be used by any private or public body only for the purposes of research, clinical management, teaching and education, and will not be used for any other purpose. In all cases, full credit to the Spanish Society of Intensive Care Medicine (SEMICYUC) will be granted. The commercial use of the Quality Indicators in Critically III Patients update 2011 is explicitly forbidden.

Production

Source(s)

Quality indicators in critically ill patients. Madrid (Spain): Spanish Society of Intensive and Critical Care and Units Coronary (SEMICYUC); 2011. 185 p.

Disclaimer

NQMC Disclaimer

The National Quality Measures Clearinghouseâ, & (NQMC) does not develop, produce, approve, or endorse the measures represented on this site.

All measures summarized by NQMC and hosted on our site are produced under the auspices of medical specialty societies, relevant professional associations, public and private organizations, other government agencies, health care organizations or plans, individuals, and similar entities.

Measures represented on the NQMC Web site are submitted by measure developers, and are screened solely to determine that they meet the NQMC Inclusion Criteria.

NQMC, AHRQ, and its contractor ECRI Institute make no warranties concerning the content or its reliability and/or validity of the quality measures and related materials represented on this site. Moreover, the views and opinions of developers or authors of measures represented on this site do not necessarily state or reflect those of NQMC, AHRQ, or its contractor, ECRI Institute, and inclusion or hosting of measures in NQMC may not be used for advertising or commercial endorsement purposes.

Readers with questions regarding measure content are directed to contact the measure developer.